

guibus liberis. Coxæ anticæ contiguæ. Abdomen segmentis duobus basalibus majoribus. Processus interfemoralis, triangularis.

It is possible that this genus may be best placed, for the present, near *Atelicus*. The legs, especially the broadly dilated tarsi, are very similar, except that they do not want the terminal joint, which is, however, very short, and but just filling up the cleft of the preceding joint, in the species described below. The colour varies from ashy brown to reddish brown or ferruginous. In habit it bears a striking resemblance to *Chatectetorus*.

Aromagis echinata. (Pl. XVII. fig. 3.)

A. oblongo-ovata, cinereo- vel rufo-fusca, tomentosa, supra squamis erectis instructa; capite inter oculos squamoso-cristato, medio linea impressa; rostro squamoso, apice paulo depresso; prothorace basi constricto, squamis erectis numerosis, plurimis fasciculatis, dispersis; scutello parvo, rotundato; elytris oblongis, sensim parum angustioribus, apice rotundatis, striato-punctatis, squamis erectis triplici serie obsitis, postice utrinque callis duobus squamoso-fasciculatis; corpore infra fusco- vel ferrugineo-squamoso; pedes squamis erectis tecti. Long. $3\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. South Australia; New South Wales.

ÆSIOTES.

Rostrum crassum, difforme, medio haud sulcatum; *scrobe* obliqua, profunda, sub margine oculi tingente. *Oculi* subprominuli, infra angustati, acuminati. *Antennæ* subapicales; *scapo* brevi, oculum attingente; *funiculo* 7-articulato, duobus basalibus longiusculis; *clava* ovata. *Prothorax* angustus, oblongus, lateribus irregularis, basi bisinuatus, apice supra productus, infra late emarginatus; lobus ocularis valde determinatus et ciliatus. *Scutellum* oblongum. *Elytra* prothorace basi multo latiora, inæqualia, postice declivia. *Pedes* subteretes; *femoribus* subclavatis, muticis; *tibiis* rectis, inernibus, corbulis posticis apertis; *tarsis* articulis tribus basalibus latitudine fere æqualibus, art. ultimo elongato; *unguibus* liberis. *Metasternum* elongatum. *Abdomen* segmentis duobus basalibus majoribus. *Processus* interfemoralis anguste subrotundatus.

A remarkable genus allied to *Leptops*, but radically distinct in its open posterior corbels, differently formed rostrum, and elongate metasternum.

Æsiotes notabilis. (Pl. XVII. fig. 16.)

Æ. oblongus, niger, squamis griseo-metallicis ornatus; capite, fronte et supra oculos depresso; rostro squamoso, basi linea arcuata impressa, dein gibboso, lateribus sulcatis, apice triangulariter impresso; antennis scapo squamoso, funiculo parce setoso; prothorace fere duplo longiore quam latiore, quadri subseriatim longitudinaliter tuberculato, apice tuberculis duobus elevatis instructo, lateribus fusco-nebulosis; scutello