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Transactions of the Entomological Society of London.

London, The Society.

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Page(s): Title Page, Page 315, Page 320

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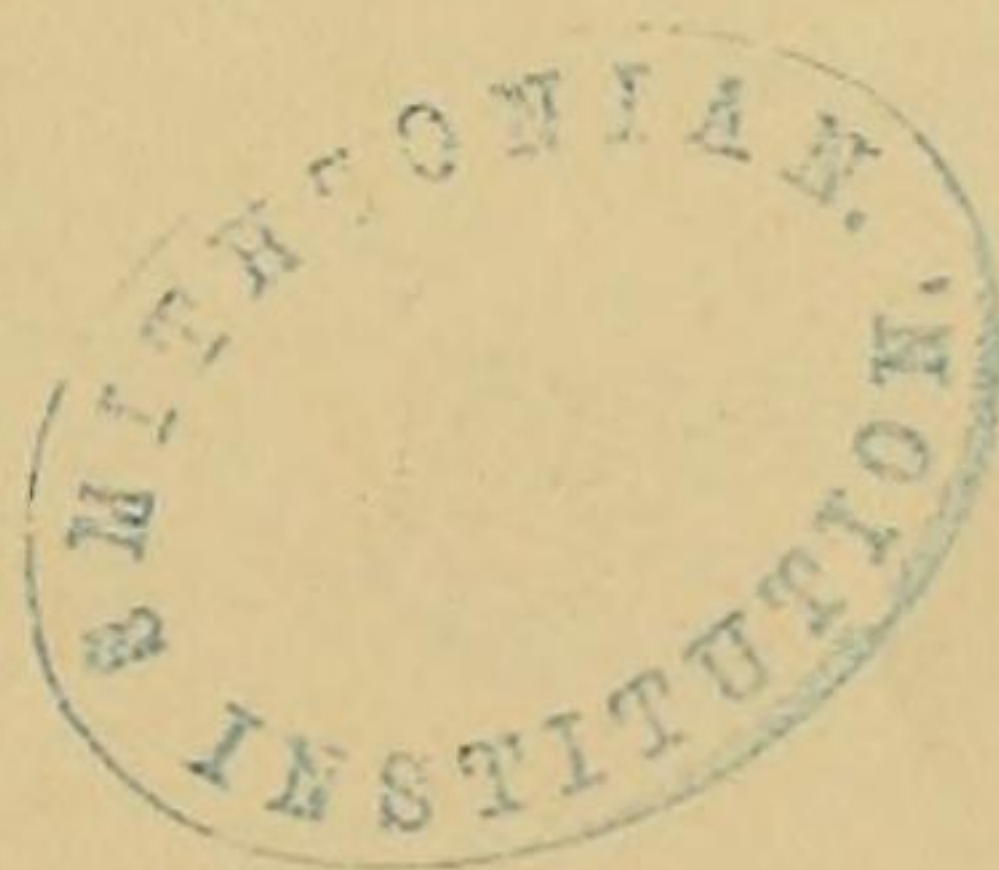
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THE
TRANSACTIONS
OF THE
ENTOMOLOGICAL SOCIETY
OF
LONDON
FOR THE YEAR
1869.



LONDON:
PRINTED FOR THE SOCIETY BY H. G. ROWORTH,
11, RAY STREET, FARRINGDON ROAD,
SOLD AT THE SOCIETY'S APARTMENTS, 12, BEDFORD ROW,
AND BY LONGMAN, GREEN, READER AND DYER,
PATERNOSTER ROW.

1869.

XX. *Remarks on the Genus Ectrephes, and Descriptions of new Exotic Coleoptera.* By J. O. WESTWOOD, M.A., F.L.S., &c.

[Read 7th June, 1869.]

Genus ECTREPHES, Pascoe.

Ectrephes, Pascoe, Proc. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1866, p. xvi;
Zoologist, ser. 2, vol. i. p. 322.

Anapestus, King, Trans. Ent. Soc., N. S. Wales, i. 316.

MR. PASCOE'S description of this curious genus was read at the meeting of this Society, on the 4th June, 1866, and was published in the following month. Mr. King's memoir was read before the Entomological Society of New South Wales on the 5th March, 1866, but the sheet of the Transactions on which it is printed contains the commencement of Mr. McLeay's paper on *Amycteridæ*, which was read on the 6th August, 1866, and Part V. of the Transactions, in which both papers appeared, contains the Journal of Proceedings for the 3rd September, 1866.

The genus has been considered to be allied to the *Paussidæ*, as well as to the genus *Gnostus*. But it possesses no direct affinity with either of these groups; and is proved, by the analysis of the forms described below, to be most nearly related to the *Ptinidæ*, especially to such groups as *Mezium* and *Gibbium*.

Sp. 1. *Ectrephes formicarum*, Pascoe.

E. formicarum, Pasc. (Proc. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1866, p. xvi) = *Anapestus Kreusleri*, King, (Trans. Ent. Soc. N. S. W. i. 318).

Sp. 2. *Ectrephes Pascoei*, n. sp.

E. totus piceo-castaneus; elytris nitidis, subsetigeris; antennarum clava oblongo-ovali, depressa; disco supero et infero transverse tri-impresso, marginibus paullo undulatis et breviter spinulosis; pronoto transverso, quadrato, impressione transversa postica profunda notato;

believe, still unique in the collection of M. Guérin-Ménéville, who in 1842 allowed me to make a careful figure of it, and who considered it to be allied to *Calodromus* among the *Brenthidæ*, and to *Colydium*. The former relationship is due only to the very elongate and slender form of the insect. The latter is its genuine affinity, as is proved by the structure of the different parts of the mouth.

Sp. 2. *Aprostoma planifrons*, n. sp.

A. filiforme, cylindricum, nigrum, nitidum; capite subquadrato, supra plano, glabro, margine omni verticis acute elevato; antennis apicem versus sensim sed paullo crassioribus, et prothorace e 4a parte brevioribus; prothorace crebre punctato, linea media longitudinali impresso; elytris striis impressis punctatis notatis, linea elevata e medio utriusque ad apicem extensa. Long. corp. lin. 5.

Hab.—River Niger, Africa.

In Mus. Hopeiano Oxoniæ.
